





era. Additionally, the display of ceramics suggests early connections between Kelantan and China. Click for Kota Sultan Ismail Petra is named after the late Sultan Ismail Petra, and it serves as the capital of Kelantan state. The city is known for its rich cultural heritage, including traditional Malay arts, crafts, and music. Visitors can explore historical landmarks, such

as the Istana Balai Besar (Grand Palace) and



ISTANA
JAHAR Originally constructed in 1855 by Sultan Muhammad II of Kelantan as a royal residence for his grandson Long Kundur, Istana Jahar in Kota Bharu has transformed into a museum that celebrates Kelantan's rich culture.

Click for Location



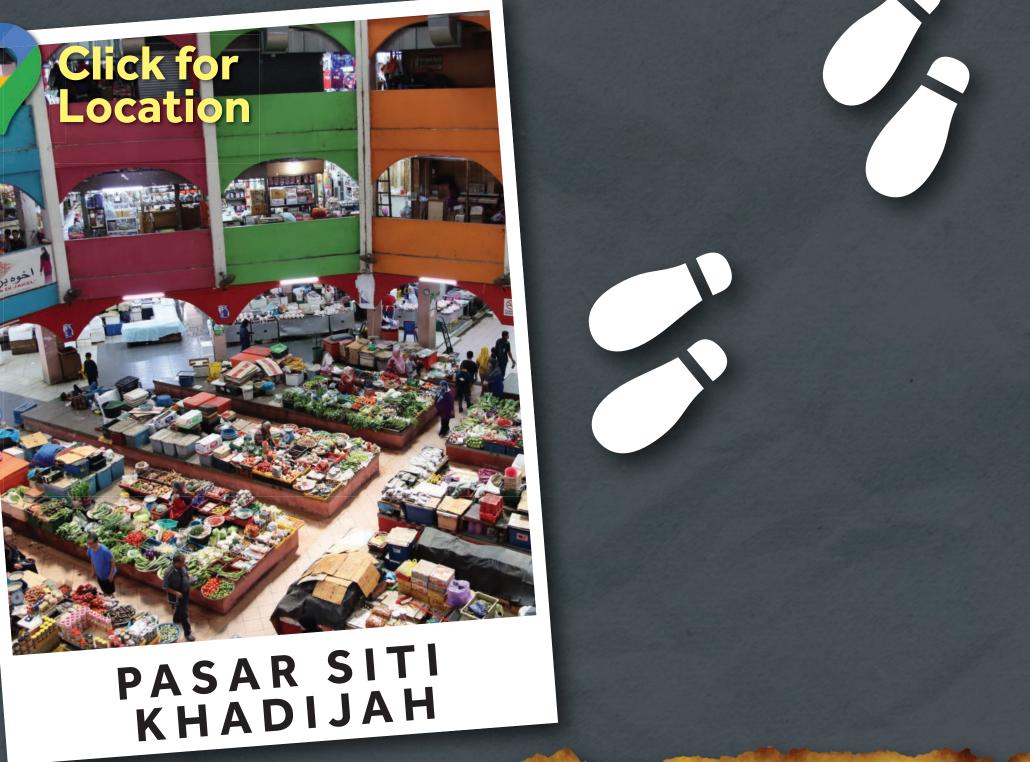


Location BANK KERAPU Constructed by Mercantile Bank in 1912, Bank Kerapu was built on land purportedly owned by Nik Yusof, a prominent local chieftain. It is also reputed to be the first

Click for

Japanese occupation, Bank Kerapu served as the "Kempen Tai," a clandestine police station used for war coordination purposes. Click for Location

stone building in the area. During the



Pasar Siti Khadijah is a bustling market located in Kota Bharu, Kelantan, Malaysia. Named after the wife of Prophet Muhammad, it is one of the most iconic and vibrant markets in the region. Here, visitors can find a wide array of local goods including fresh produce, traditional Malay clothing (such as batik and songket),

handicrafts, spices, and various local delicacies.

Perdana Kota Bharu Jalan Mahmood, 15200 Kota Bharu, Kelantan, Malaysia 

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